

## MONEY LAUNDERING COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

1.0	OBLIGATIONS OF THE FIRM	Reference to the AML Law	Reference to the ICPAC AML Directive
1.1.	Appointment of a compliance officer (CO)	s.69(a)	§.3.1
	Notification of CO to MOKAS		§.3.1.3
	CO is a senior employee, with sufficient skills, experience and knowledge in AML/CFT matters	s.69(a)	§.3.1.1
1.2.	Introduction of internal procedures against money laundering including:	s.58(c)	§.2.1.3
	Documented in an AML/CFT manual		§.2.1.3
	Risk assessment and risk management policies for AML/CFT		§.2.1.2(b)
	Client identification and due diligence		§.2.1.2(c)
	Record keeping	s.68(1)	§.2.1.2(d) & §8.1.1
	Ongoing monitoring	s.61(1)(d)	§.2.1.2(e)
	Recognition and Reporting of Suspicious Transaction and Activity Reports (STRs & SARs)		§.2.1.2(f)
	Training and awareness of staff members		§.2.1.2(g)
	"Fit and proper" requirements for employees	s.58(j)	

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1.3	Approval of procedures by senior management	s.58(c)	§2.1.3
1.4	Awareness of manual by firm staff	s.58(a)-(j)	§10.1.1
1.5	Review and update of manual	•	§2.1.3
2.0	RISK-BASED APPROACH (RBA)	Reference to the AML Law	Reference to the ICPAC AML Directive
2.1	Documentation of the firm's RBA	s.58A	§4.7.1
2.2	Consideration of risk factors including, <i>inter alia</i> ,:	s.58(A)	§4.3.1
	Country/ geographical risk	Annexes II & III	§4.3.1(a)
	Service risk		§4.3.1(b)
	Client risk		§4.3.1(c)
	Delivery channels risk		§4.3.1(d)
2.3	Consideration of high risk factors	s. 64 & Annex III	§4.3.2 & Annex II
2.4	Consideration of sources used		§4.3.2
2.5	Implementation of mitigating actions of identified risks	s.58	§2.1.1 & §4.1.5(c)
2.6	RBA update		§4.3.2
3.0	CUSTOMER DUE DILIGENCE (CDD)	Reference to the AML Law	Reference to the ICPAC AML Directive
3.1	Documenting the reasons for the risk classification of the client		§4.7.2
3.2	Appropriate and effective client due diligence procedures	s.61	§5
3.3	Application of CDD measures prior to the commencement (outset) of the business relationship	s.62(1)	§5.3.1
3.4	CDD measures include the following:	s.61(1)	§5.2

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	Identification and verification of the client identity	s.61(1)(a)	§5.2.1(a)
	Identification and verification of the Beneficial owner's identity and place of residence	s.61(1)(b)	§5.2.1(b)
	Necessary information (i.e., background screening)		§5.4.1
	Understanding of the ownership and control structure of the client	s.61(1)(b)	§5.2.1(c)
	Understanding the purpose and intended nature of the business relationship	s.61(1)(c)	§5.2.1(d)
	Conducting ongoing monitoring of the business relationship and transactions	s.61(1)(d)	§5.2.1(e)
	Identification and verification of the identity of any 3 <sup>rd</sup> person with the mandate of representing the client	s.61(1)	§5.2.1
	Identification of politically exposed persons (PEPs)	s.64(1)(c)	§5.7.6
	Consideration of sanctions, embargoes & restrictive measures	s.64(3) & Annex III	§4.5
3.4	Record keeping of all CDD information	s.68(1)	§8.1.1
3.5	Certification of documents		§5.5.3 & Annex III
3.6	Application of Enhanced due diligence (EDD) measures including:	s.64	§5.7
	De facto application of EDD measures for PEPs and high risk third countries	s.64(1)(a) & (c)	§5.7
	Escalated approval of PEPs by senior management	s.64(1)(c)	§5.7.9
	Verification of identity by additional, independent, reliable sources		§5.7.3(a)

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	Detailed examination of the background and purpose of the business relationship		§5.7.3(b)
	Increasing and customizing the level and nature of monitoring, including scrutinizing transactions		§5.7.3(c)
	Comparing consistency of transactions with the purpose and intended nature of the business relationship		§5.7.3(d)
3.8	Termination of business relationship due to incomplete CDD	s.62(4)	§5.3.4
3.9	Consideration was given for filing a SAR to MOKAS following termination of business relationship due to incomplete CDD	s.62(4)	§5·3·4
4.0	ONGOING MONITORING OF TRANSACTIONS AND BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS	Reference to the AML Law	Reference to the ICPAC AML Directive
4.1	Periodic reviews of CDD in accordance with the client risk profile, including:		§5.3.2
	Change driven reviews		§5.3.2
	Reviews based on risk classification		§5.3.2
4.2	Establishment of procedures to monitor transactions on an ongoing basis	s.61(1)(d)	§6
5.0	RECORD KEEPING	Reference to the AML Law	Reference to the ICPAC AML Directive

	relationship or occasional transaction		
5.2.	Establishment of procedures to make records readily available to MOKAS and ICPAC	S.68(2)	§8.1.2
6.0	SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY REPORTING/ SUSPICIOUS TRANSACTION REPORTING	Reference to the AML Law	Reference to the ICPAC AML Directive
6.1	Establishment of internal reporting procedures	s.69	§9.3
6.2.	Communication of the reporting procedures to staff		§9.3.1
6.3	Procedures include:		§9.3.1
	Clear and direct line to the CO or Assistant Compliance Officer (ACO) (if applicable)		§9.3.2
	Failure to report		§10.2.1
	"Tipping off" offences		§9.3.5
	Documentation of internal reports, including reasons in case of no external report to MOKAS		§9.3.5
7.0	STAFF TRAINING AND AWARENESS	Reference to the AML Law	Reference to the ICPAC AML Directive
7.1	Provision of adequate, ongoing training of the staff	s.58	§10
7.2	Training covers various levels/ types of staff including senior management		§10.3.1
7.3	Tailored training according to the needs of the firm		§10.3.1
7.4	Annual requirement of 10 specialized CPD units for CO		§10.4.6